IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claim 2, add claims 24-26 and amend the remaining claims as

follows.

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in

the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method of constructing a microelectronic assembly,

comprising:

locating a mold piece over a microelectronic die carrying an integrated

circuit;

injecting an encapsulant mixture into a space defined between surfaces of the

mold piece and the microelectronic die, the encapsulant mixture including a liquid

phase epoxy and a solid phase catalyst compound when injected, the catalyst

compound including a polymer and a catalyst bound to the polymer; and

heating the encapsulant mixture in the space to a temperature where the

catalyst compound becomes a liquid and cures the epoxy.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the polymer is

polystyrene.

4. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the catalyst is

diphenyl phosphine.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the catalyst compound includes a

catalyst which is less active than triphenyl phosphine of the same mass fraction at

120 degrees C.

6. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the catalyst is approximately as

active as triphenyl phosphine of the same mass fraction at 160 degrees C.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the epoxy includes at least one of

bis(4-glycidyloxyphenyl)methane (Tm = -15oC), poly[(o-cresyl glycidl ether)-co-

formaldehyde] (Tm = 37oC), 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol diglycidyl ether (Tm =

40oC), 3,5,3',5'-tetramethyldiphenyl 4,4'-diglycidyl ether (Tm = 90oC).

8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the epoxy is a liquid at 22 degrees

C.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the epoxy is a liquid at 30 degrees

C.

10. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the epoxy includes bis(4-

glycidyloxyphenyl)methane (Tm = -15oC).

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising removing the epoxy

from the mold piece after the epoxy is cured.

(Original) A method of constructing a microelectronic assembly, comprising: 12.

locating a mold piece over a microelectronic die carrying an integrated

circuit;

injecting an encapsulant mixture into a space defined between surfaces of the

mold piece and the microelectronic die, the encapsulant mixture including a liquid

phase epoxy and a solid phase polystyrene-bound diphenyl phosphine catalyst

compound; and

heating the encapsulant mixture in the space to above a glass transition

temperature of the polystyrene so that the diphenyl phosphine cures the epoxy.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the epoxy is a liquid at 22 degrees

C.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the epoxy includes bis(4-

-4/9-

glycidyloxyphenyl)methane (Tm = -15oC).

15. (Withdrawn) An encapsulant mixture comprising:

an epoxy in liquid phase at 22 degrees C; and

a catalyst compound in solid phase at 22 degrees C, heating of the catalyst

compound causing curing of the epoxy.

16. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 15 wherein curing of the

epoxy requires that the catalyst compound be heated to a temperature where it

becomes a liquid.

17. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 15 wherein the catalyst

compound includes a polymer and a catalyst bound to the polymer.

18. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 17 wherein the polymer is

polystyrene.

19. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 17 wherein the catalyst is

diphenyl phosphine.

20. (Withdrawn) The encapuslant mixture of claim 15 wherein the catalyst

compound includes a catalyst which is less active than triphenyl phosphine of the

same mass fraction at 120 degrees C.

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21. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 20 wherein the catalyst is approximately as active as triphenyl phosphine of the same mass fraction at 160

degrees C.

22. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 15 wherein the epoxy is

liquid at 30 degrees C.

23. (Withdrawn) The encapsulant mixture of claim 15 wherein the epoxy

includes bis(4-glycidyloxyphenyl)methane (Tm = -15oC).

24. (New) A method of constructing a microelectronic assembly, comprising:

locating a mold piece over a microelectronic die carrying an integrated

circuit;

injecting an encapsulant mixture into a space defined between surfaces of the

mold piece and the microelectronic die, the encapsulant mixture including a liquid

phase epoxy and a solid phase catalyst compound when injected, the catalyst being

less active than triphenyl phosphine of the same mass fraction at 120 degrees C; and

heating the encapsulant mixture in the space to a temperature where the

catalyst compound becomes a liquid and cures the epoxy

25. (New) A method of constructing a microelectronic assembly, comprising:

locating a mold piece over a microelectronic die carrying an integrated

circuit;

injecting an encapsulant mixture into a space defined between surfaces of the

mold piece and the microelectronic die, the encapsulant mixture including a liquid

phase epoxy, the epoxy including at least one of bis(4-glycidyloxyphenyl)methane

(Tm = -15oC), poly[(o-cresyl glycidl ether)-co-formaldehyde] (Tm = 37oC), 4,4'-

isopropylidenediphenol diglycidyl ether(Tm = 40oC), 3,5,3',5'-tetramethyldiphenyl

4,4'-diglycidyl ether (Tm = 90oC), and a solid phase catalyst compound when

injected; and

heating the encapsulant mixture in the space to a temperature where the

catalyst compound becomes a liquid and cures the epoxy.

26. (New) A method of constructing a microelectronic assembly, comprising:

locating a mold piece over a microelectronic die carrying an integrated

circuit;

injecting an encapsulant mixture into a space defined between surfaces of the

mold piece and the microelectronic die, the encapsulant mixture including a liquid

phase epoxy, the epoxy being a liquid at 22°C, and a solid phase catalyst compound

when injected; and

heating the encapsulant mixture in the space to a temperature where the

catalyst compound becomes a liquid and cures the epoxy.